

Smart Features Integrated for Prognostics Health Management Assure the **Functional Safety** of the Electronics Systems at the High Level Required in Fully Automated Vehicles

Sven Rzepka¹ and Przemyslaw J. Gromala² ¹Fraunhofer ENAS, Chemnitz, Germany ²Robert Bosch GmbH, Reutlingen, Germany

sven.rzepka@enas.fraunhofer.de; +49-371-4500-1421







Introduction

- Automated Cars: Number & Complexity of ECUs \uparrow , Driver \rightarrow Passenger
 - \Rightarrow Functional safety requirement exceeds today's automotive spec
- SoA approach: System-level redundancy \rightarrow Will soon be unaffordable





• New approach in AE: Active Prognostic Health Management (PHM)









Prognostics and Health Management (PHM)

- Developing the required infrastructure, sensors, electronic HW
- Studying and characterizing the Failure Modes and Mechanisms by thorough Effect Analyses for PoF & data driven approaches
- Providing appropriate solutions to the data acquisition, management, and secure data transfer
- Performing data fusion for reaching at an integrated single health assessment, diagnostics, and prognosis score per application
- Establishing highly efficient yet precise metamodeling and model order reduction schemes that can be executed in each of the individual cars locally assisted by self-learning capabilities provided by cloud service

Dedicated stops and three methodology research phases → Strategy: PHM integrated into ECS

Development of a Comprehensive Scheme of Multi-level Prognostics and Health Management (PHM)

PHM features: Self-Detecting

- 1. Circuit-level: Event detectors added Wafer-level: Sensors added to the ICs IC component-level: Extra solder joints
- 2. Passive component-level: Canaries
- 3. Board component-level: Local warpage

PHM objects: Self-Monitoring

4. Board-level: Smart sensors provide data

Local PHM Unit: Self-Diagnosing

5. Module-level: One SiP collects, preprocesses & communicates the PHM data

Central PHM ECU: Self-Deciding

 Vehicle-level: PHM ECU inside the central computer determines RUL based on met models and compiles the 'health score'

PHM Cloud & Swarm: Self-Learning

7. Global Level: Database & HPC support









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PHM Feature @ wafer-level: Sensors added to the ICs









Micro Materials Center Head: Prof. Dr. Sven Rzepka

in cooperation with TU Chemnitz, ZfM

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PHM Feature @ Passive component-level: Canaries

CHAUHAN et al.: INTERCONNECT FAILURE PREDICTION USING CANARIES



Fig. 1. Schematic of cross-sectional view of resistor assembly.



Fig. 2. (a) Standard pad resistor, and (b) Canary resistor.



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PHM Feature @ Board component-level: Local warpage







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PHM Feature @ Board component-level: Local warpage



Cycle 81 Difference stress [MPa] -8 -10 Fault -12 -14 Delamination -16 -18 -20 50 100 150 0 Cycle number

- 2 Stress Sensor
- 3 Temperature Sensor

Stress evolution underneath the device







Development of a Comprehensive Scheme of Multi-level Prognostics and Health Management (PHM)

Further challenges requiring advances in Reliability Methodology: Assessment of the **Field Data**: Handle the Data Flood / Correlate to Tests Identify Key Failure Indicators (**KFI**) for Triggering Maintenance / Repair Determine Remaining Useful Life (RUL) by Exp. & Sim. \Rightarrow **RUL-Models Metamodeling:** Determine most effective Input & Output Parameters **Health Score**: Fuse all PHM Data into a Single Quantity \rightarrow Maintenance **Self-Learning**: Load case & damage parameter systematics \leftarrow Databases Self-Learning: Automated Load Case Assessments by Simulation \leftarrow HPC

Applicable PHM strategies - Ready for implementation by RIA







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